

**Enrolled**  
**House Bill 2734**

Sponsored by Representative READ, Senator HANSELL, Representative FREDERICK; Representative HUFFMAN, Senators MONNES ANDERSON, ROBLAN (Presession filed.)

CHAPTER .....

AN ACT

Relating to remediation of contaminated property; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 244.050, 465.255, 466.640 and 468B.310.

**Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

**LAND BANK AUTHORITIES**

**SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act:**

- (1) **“Authority” means any public land bank authority created pursuant to sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act.**
- (2) **“Brownfield” has the meaning given that term in ORS 285A.185.**
- (3) **“Local government” means a local government as defined in ORS 174.116 or a inter-governmental entity created under an intergovernmental agreement between two units of local government under ORS 190.010.**
- (4) **“Remedial action,” “remedial action costs” and “removal” have the meanings given those terms in ORS 465.200.**

**SECTION 2. (1) A local government may, upon its own motion, consider whether it is advisable to create an authority for the purpose of acquiring, rehabilitating, redeveloping, reutilizing or restoring brownfield properties that are located within the geographic boundaries over which the local government has jurisdiction.**

**(2) If the local government, after public hearing according to the local government’s rules, determines that it is wise and desirable to create in an authority the powers and duties set forth in sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act, the local government shall by ordinance or resolution create such an authority. The ordinance or resolution shall set forth:**

- (a) The name of the authority, which shall be “The Land Bank Authority of (local government), Oregon” or other similar distinctive name.**
- (b) The number of directors of the authority, which must be an odd number not less than five or more than 11.**
- (c) The names of the initial directors and their initial terms of service, which may not exceed four years.**
- (d) Other provisions that may be appropriate and not inconsistent with sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act or the laws of Oregon.**

**(3) Upon the adoption of an ordinance or resolution under subsection (2) of this section, the authority shall be deemed established as a municipal corporation of the state and as a**

body corporate and politic exercising public powers. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the authority shall exist as a legal entity separate from the local government that created the authority.

(4) An authority organized under this section shall have all the powers and duties contained in sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act.

**SECTION 3.** (1) An authority shall be managed and controlled by a board of directors. The initial board of directors shall be appointed by the local government that created the authority. Subsequent directors shall be appointed as provided in this section and the rules adopted by the authority.

(2) The regular term of a member of the board is four years. The board may establish special terms for positions that are shorter than four years for the purpose of staggering the terms of members of the board. Before the expiration of the term of a member, a successor shall be appointed whose term begins on January 1 of the year next following. A member is eligible for reappointment but may serve no more than a total of three terms, including terms shorter than four years. If there is a vacancy for any cause, a new member shall be appointed to complete the unexpired term, subject to the requirements of subsection (3) of this section.

(3) The board of directors must include:

(a) At least one director who is also a member of the governing body of the local government that created the authority;

(b) At least one director who represents the largest municipal corporation within the geographic jurisdiction of the local government that is not a school district;

(c) At least one director who represents the largest school district within the geographic jurisdiction of the local government; and

(d) Subject to the maximum number of directors allowed by the ordinance or resolution establishing the authority, one or more directors who are also members of civic organizations that serve the same geographic jurisdiction as the authority and that have a purpose or mission that aligns with that of the authority.

(4) The board shall hold an annual meeting. The board shall select from among themselves at the annual meeting a chairperson, vice chairperson, secretary, treasurer and other officers as the board determines.

(5) The board shall adopt and may amend rules for calling and conducting its meetings and carrying out its business and may adopt an official seal. All decisions of the board shall be by motion or resolution and shall be recorded in the board's minute book, which shall be a public record. A majority of the directors of the board constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business, and a majority is sufficient to pass a motion or resolution.

(6) The board may employ employees and agents as the board deems appropriate and provide for their compensation. The employees and agents of the authority are not employees or agents of the local government that created the authority.

(7) A director is not entitled to compensation for service on the board of an authority.

**SECTION 4.** (1) An authority shall have all powers necessary to accomplish the purposes of acquiring, rehabilitating, redeveloping, reutilizing or restoring brownfield properties, including without limitation the power to:

(a) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded in all actions, suits or proceedings brought by or against the authority.

(b) Acquire, hold, use, enjoy and convey, lease or otherwise dispose of any interest in:

(A) Brownfield properties within the authority's geographic jurisdiction;

(B) Properties undergoing removal or remedial action under the supervision or approval of the Department of Environmental Quality that are within the authority's geographic jurisdiction; and

(C) Personal property.

(c) Conduct removal or remedial action on real property in which the authority has a property interest under an agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality.

(d) Assist parties that are interested in acquiring a property interest in real property held by the authority with entering into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality under ORS 465.327.

(e) Enter into contracts with any person.

(f) Borrow moneys and issue notes and revenue bonds for the purpose of carrying out the authority's powers.

(g) Invest moneys into property, securities or other instruments.

(h) Obtain insurance.

(i) Solicit and accept grants, gifts or other assistance from a public or private source.

(j) Develop and prepare plans or reports to evaluate the authority and to guide future improvements to the processes and operations of the authority.

(k) Develop priorities for the use of property of the authority that may include, but are not limited to, public use, affordable housing, open space and commercial or industrial development.

(L) Adopt and amend ordinances and resolutions.

(2) An authority may establish an advisory committee to advise the board of directors of the authority on the interests of the community in the actions of the board and the authority. If a committee is established, a member of the committee shall serve as a liaison between the board of the authority and a community of interest affected by a decision or proposed decision of the board.

(3) An authority shall give public notice of a proposed disposition of any interest in real property held by the authority. The notice shall allow 30 days for the public to comment on the proposed disposition. The authority shall provide responses to comments prior to final disposition of the property interest.

(4) An authority shall annually prepare and submit a report to the Governor and, in the manner described in ORS 192.245, submit the report to the Legislative Assembly. The report must summarize the activity of the authority, including a list of real properties in which the authority has acquired or disposed of a property interest, the method of acquisition or disposition, the price paid or received for each property and additional information as requested by the Governor, the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

**SECTION 5.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the debts, obligations and other liabilities of an authority are not a general or other obligation or liability of the local government that created the authority.

(2) A local government may incur debt, including the issuance of bonds under any bonding authority available to the local government, on behalf of an authority created by the local government and, by ordinance or resolution, deem a debt incurred under this subsection to be a general obligation of the local government and a charge upon its tax revenues.

**SECTION 6.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an authority, all assets owned by the authority, the income from those assets, and all bonds issued by the authority, together with the coupons applicable to those bonds and the income from the bonds, shall be exempt from all taxation in the State of Oregon.

(2) The real and personal property owned by the authority and leased to a third party shall be subject to property taxation if the property would be subject to taxation if owned by the lessee.

**SECTION 7.** (1) An authority shall keep a record of the authority's remedial action costs.

(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an authority may, based on the record compiled by the authority under subsection (1) of this section, bring an action to recover from a person liable under ORS 465.255 or 465.260 the amount of the authority's remedial action costs.

(3) In an action brought by an authority to recover remedial action costs under ORS 465.255 (1) or damages under ORS 468B.310 (1), the court may allow the authority to recover costs, expert witness fees, reasonable attorney fees and prejudgment or preaward interest if the authority prevails in the action.

**SECTION 8.** (1) Dissolution of an authority may be initiated:

(a) By resolution of the board of directors of the authority, filed with the local government that created the authority, if the board determines that dissolution of the authority is in the best interest of the community served by the authority; or

(b) By resolution of the local government that created the authority:

(A) If, at the time of the annual meeting of the board, board members have not been appointed to fill vacancies on the board as required by section 3 of this 2015 Act; or

(B) If the local government determines that dissolution of the authority is in the best interest of residents within the jurisdiction of the local government.

(2) Within five days after a resolution of the board is filed or a resolution of the local government is adopted under this section, a copy shall be filed with the secretary of the authority, if any, or with any other officer of the authority who can with reasonable diligence be located.

(3) If there are no members of the board of directors of the authority, the local government shall act as or appoint a board of trustees to act on behalf of the authority to develop and implement a plan for dissolution.

(4) Within 60 days after initiation of the dissolution proceeding, a plan of dissolution shall be filed with the office of the clerk of the county in which the authority is located and shall be available for inspection by any interested person.

(5) Upon approval of dissolution by the governing body of the local government that created the authority, the authority shall be declared dissolved. If the local government has not appointed a board of trustees under subsection (3) of this section:

(a) The board of directors shall constitute a board of trustees that shall pay the debts or procure releases of the debts and dispose of the property of the authority; or

(b) The board of directors may designate the local government as the board of trustees for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the authority.

(6) After the affairs of the authority have been fully settled, all books and records of the authority shall be deposited by the board of trustees in the office of the county clerk of the county in which the authority is located. At the same time, the board of trustees shall execute under oath, and file with the local government that created the authority, a statement that the authority has been dissolved and its affairs liquidated. From the date of the statement, the corporate existence of the authority is terminated for all purposes.

**SECTION 9.** ORS 465.255 is amended to read:

465.255. (1) The following persons shall be strictly liable for those remedial action costs incurred by the state or any other person that are attributable to or associated with a facility and for damages for injury to or destruction of any natural resources caused by a release:

(a) Any owner or operator at or during the time of the acts or omissions that resulted in the release.

(b) Any owner or operator who became the owner or operator after the time of the acts or omissions that resulted in the release, and who knew or reasonably should have known of the release when the person first became the owner or operator.

(c) Any owner or operator who obtained actual knowledge of the release at the facility during the time the person was the owner or operator of the facility and then subsequently transferred ownership or operation of the facility to another person without disclosing such knowledge.

(d) Any person who, by any acts or omissions, caused, contributed to or exacerbated the release, unless the acts or omissions were in material compliance with applicable laws, standards, regulations, licenses or permits.

(e) Any person who unlawfully hinders or delays entry to, investigation of or removal or remedial action at a facility.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (1)(c) to (e) of this section and subsection (4) of this section, the following persons shall not be liable for remedial action costs incurred by the state or any other person that are attributable to or associated with a facility, or for damages for injury to or destruction of any natural resources caused by a release:

(a) Any owner or operator who became the owner or operator after the time of the acts or omissions that resulted in a release, and who did not know and reasonably should not have known of the release when the person first became the owner or operator.

(b) Any owner or operator if the release at the facility was caused solely by one or a combination of the following:

(A) An act of God. "Act of God" means an unanticipated grave natural disaster or other natural phenomenon of an exceptional, inevitable and irresistible character, the effects of which could not have been prevented or avoided by the exercise of due care or foresight.

(B) An act of war.

(C) Acts or omissions of a third party, other than an employee or agent of the person asserting this defense, or other than a person whose acts or omissions occur in connection with a contractual relationship, existing directly or indirectly, with the person asserting this defense. As used in this subparagraph, "contractual relationship" includes but is not limited to land contracts, deeds or other instruments transferring title or possession.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (1)(c) to (e) of this section or subsection (4) of this section, the following persons shall not be liable for remedial action costs incurred by the state or any other person that are attributable to or associated with a facility, or for damages for injury to or destruction of any natural resources caused by a release:

(a) A unit of state or local government that acquired ownership or control of a facility in the following ways:

(A) Involuntarily by virtue of its function as sovereign, including but not limited to escheat, bankruptcy, tax delinquency or abandonment; or

(B) Through the exercise of eminent domain authority by purchase or condemnation.

(b) A person who acquired a facility by inheritance or bequest.

(c) Any fiduciary exempted from liability in accordance with rules adopted by the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 465.440.

**(d) An authority that becomes the owner or operator of the facility as authorized in section 4 of this 2015 Act.**

(4) Notwithstanding the exclusions from liability provided for specified persons in subsections (2) and (3) of this section such persons shall be liable for remedial action costs incurred by the state or any other person that are attributable to or associated with a facility, and for damages for injury to or destruction of any natural resources caused by a release, to the extent that the person's acts or omissions contribute to such costs or damages, if the person:

(a) Obtained actual knowledge of the release and then failed to promptly notify the Department of Environmental Quality and exercise due care with respect to the hazardous substance concerned, taking into consideration the characteristics of the hazardous substance in light of all relevant facts and circumstances; or

(b) Failed to take reasonable precautions against the reasonably foreseeable acts or omissions of a third party and the reasonably foreseeable consequences of such acts or omissions.

(5)(a) No indemnification, hold harmless, or similar agreement or conveyance shall be effective to transfer from any person who may be liable under this section, to any other person, the liability imposed under this section. Nothing in this section shall bar any agreement to insure, hold harmless or indemnify a party to such agreement for any liability under this section.

(b) A person who is liable under this section shall not be barred from seeking contribution from any other person for liability under ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 465.900.

(c) Nothing in ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 465.900 shall bar a cause of action that a person liable under this section or a guarantor has or would have by reason of subrogation or otherwise against any person.

(d) Nothing in this section shall restrict any right that the state or any person might have under federal statute, common law or other state statute to recover remedial action costs or to seek any other relief related to a release.

(6) To establish, for purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section or subsection (2)(a) of this section, that the person did or did not have reason to know, the person must have undertaken, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize liability.

(7)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, no person shall be liable under ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 465.900 for costs or damages as a result of actions taken or omitted in the course of rendering care, assistance or advice in accordance with rules adopted under ORS 465.400 or at the direction of the department or its authorized representative, with respect to an incident creating a danger to public health, safety, welfare or the environment as a result of any release of a hazardous substance. This paragraph shall not preclude liability for costs or damages as the result of negligence on the part of such person.

(b) No state or local government shall be liable under ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 465.900 for costs or damages as a result of actions taken in response to an emergency created by the release of a hazardous substance generated by or from a facility owned by another person. This paragraph shall not preclude liability for costs or damages as a result of gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the state or local government. For the purpose of this paragraph, reckless, willful or wanton misconduct shall constitute gross negligence.

(c) This subsection shall not alter the liability of any person covered by subsection (1) of this section.

**SECTION 10.** ORS 466.640 is amended to read:

466.640. (1) Any person owning or having control over any oil or hazardous material spilled or released or threatening to spill or release shall be strictly liable without regard to fault for the spill or release or threatened spill or release. However, in any action to recover damages, the person shall be relieved from strict liability without regard to fault if the person can prove that the spill or release of oil or hazardous material was caused by:

(a) An act of war or sabotage or an act of God.

(b) Negligence on the part of the United States Government or the State of Oregon.

(c) An act or omission of a third party without regard to whether any such act or omission was or was not negligent.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:

(a) A person who has entered into, and is in compliance with, an administrative agreement under ORS 465.327 is not liable to the State of Oregon for any spill or release of oil or hazardous material at a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 existing as of the date of the person's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327.

(b) A person who has entered into, and is in compliance with, a judicial consent judgment or an administrative consent order under ORS 465.327 is not liable to the State of Oregon or any person for any spill or release of oil or hazardous material at a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 existing as of the date of the person's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327.

**(c) An authority created under sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act is not liable to the State of Oregon or any person for any spill or release of oil or hazardous material at a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 existing as of the date of the authority's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327 for a person that has entered into, and is in compliance with, an administrative agreement, judicial consent judgment or an administrative consent order.**

**SECTION 11.** ORS 468B.310 is amended to read:

468B.310. (1) Any person owning oil or having control over oil which enters the waters of the state in violation of ORS 468B.305 shall be strictly liable, without regard to fault, for the damages to persons or property, public or private, caused by such entry. However, in any action to recover damages, the person shall be relieved from strict liability without regard to fault if the person can prove that the oil to which the damages relate, entered the waters of the state by causes set forth in ORS 468B.305 (2).

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the right of a person owning or having control of oil to maintain an action for the recovery of damages against another person for an act or omission of such other person resulting in the entry of oil into the waters of the state for which the person owning or having control of such oil is liable under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section:

(a) A person who has entered into, and is in compliance with, an administrative agreement under ORS 465.327 is not liable to the State of Oregon for any entry of oil into the waters of the state from a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 468B.300 to 468B.500 that occurred before the date of the person's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327.

(b) A person who has entered into, and is in compliance with, a judicial consent judgment or an administrative consent order under ORS 465.327 is not liable to the State of Oregon or any person for any entry of oil into the waters of the state from a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 468B.300 to 468B.500 that occurred before the date of the person's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327.

**(c) An authority created under sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act is not liable to the State of Oregon or any person for any entry of oil into the waters of this state from a facility that is subject to ORS 465.200 to 465.545 and 468B.300 to 468B.500 that occurred before the date of the authority's acquisition of ownership or operation of the facility, to the extent provided in ORS 465.327 for a person that has entered into, and is in compliance with, an administrative agreement, judicial consent judgment or an administrative consent.**

## CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

**SECTION 12.** ORS 244.050 is amended to read:

244.050. (1) On or before April 15 of each year the following persons shall file with the Oregon Government Ethics Commission a verified statement of economic interest as required under this chapter:

(a) The Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, district attorneys and members of the Legislative Assembly.

(b) Any judicial officer, including justices of the peace and municipal judges, except any pro tem judicial officer who does not otherwise serve as a judicial officer.

(c) Any candidate for a public office designated in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(d) The Deputy Attorney General.

(e) The Legislative Administrator, the Legislative Counsel, the Legislative Fiscal Officer, the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

(f) The Chancellor and Vice Chancellors of the Oregon University System and the president and vice presidents, or their administrative equivalents, in each public university listed in ORS 352.002.

(g) The following state officers:

(A) Adjutant General.

(B) Director of Agriculture.

(C) Manager of State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation.

(D) Water Resources Director.

(E) Director of Department of Environmental Quality.

(F) Director of Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

(G) State Fish and Wildlife Director.

- (H) State Forester.
- (I) State Geologist.
- (J) Director of Human Services.
- (K) Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services.
- (L) Director of the Department of State Lands.
- (M) State Librarian.
- (N) Administrator of Oregon Liquor Control Commission.
- (O) Superintendent of State Police.
- (P) Director of the Public Employees Retirement System.
- (Q) Director of Department of Revenue.
- (R) Director of Transportation.
- (S) Public Utility Commissioner.
- (T) Director of Veterans' Affairs.
- (U) Executive director of Oregon Government Ethics Commission.
- (V) Director of the State Department of Energy.
- (W) Director and each assistant director of the Oregon State Lottery.
- (X) Director of the Department of Corrections.
- (Y) Director of the Oregon Department of Aviation.
- (Z) Executive director of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission.
- (AA) Director of the Oregon Business Development Department.
- (BB) Director of the Office of Emergency Management.
- (CC) Director of the Employment Department.
- (DD) Chief of staff for the Governor.
- (EE) Administrator of the Office for Oregon Health Policy and Research.
- (FF) Director of the Housing and Community Services Department.
- (GG) State Court Administrator.
- (HH) Director of the Department of Land Conservation and Development.
- (II) Board chairperson of the Land Use Board of Appeals.
- (JJ) State Marine Director.
- (KK) Executive director of the Oregon Racing Commission.
- (LL) State Parks and Recreation Director.
- (MM) Public defense services executive director.
- (NN) Chairperson of the Public Employees' Benefit Board.
- (OO) Director of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training.
- (PP) Executive director of the Higher Education Coordinating Commission.
- (QQ) Executive director of the Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board.
- (RR) Director of the Oregon Youth Authority.
- (SS) Director of the Oregon Health Authority.
- (TT) Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- (h) Any assistant in the Governor's office other than personal secretaries and clerical personnel.
- (i) Every elected city or county official.
- (j) Every member of a city or county planning, zoning or development commission.
- (k) The chief executive officer of a city or county who performs the duties of manager or principal administrator of the city or county.
- (L) Members of local government boundary commissions formed under ORS 199.410 to 199.519.
- (m) Every member of a governing body of a metropolitan service district and the executive officer thereof.
- (n) Each member of the board of directors of the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation.
- (o) The chief administrative officer and the financial officer of each common and union high school district, education service district and community college district.
- (p) Every member of the following state boards and commissions:
  - (A) Board of Geologic and Mineral Industries.



- (B) Oregon Business Development Commission.
- (C) State Board of Education.
- (D) Environmental Quality Commission.
- (E) Fish and Wildlife Commission of the State of Oregon.
- (F) State Board of Forestry.
- (G) Oregon Government Ethics Commission.
- (H) Oregon Health Policy Board.
- (I) State Board of Higher Education.
- (J) Oregon Investment Council.
- (K) Land Conservation and Development Commission.
- (L) Oregon Liquor Control Commission.
- (M) Oregon Short Term Fund Board.
- (N) State Marine Board.
- (O) Mass transit district boards.
- (P) Energy Facility Siting Council.
- (Q) Board of Commissioners of the Port of Portland.
- (R) Employment Relations Board.
- (S) Public Employees Retirement Board.
- (T) Oregon Racing Commission.
- (U) Oregon Transportation Commission.
- (V) Water Resources Commission.
- (W) Workers' Compensation Board.
- (X) Oregon Facilities Authority.
- (Y) Oregon State Lottery Commission.
- (Z) Pacific Northwest Electric Power and Conservation Planning Council.
- (AA) Columbia River Gorge Commission.
- (BB) Oregon Health and Science University Board of Directors.
- (CC) Capitol Planning Commission.
- (DD) Higher Education Coordinating Commission.
- (EE) Oregon Growth Board.
- (FF) Early Learning Council.
- (q) The following officers of the State Treasurer:
  - (A) Deputy State Treasurer.
  - (B) Chief of staff for the office of the State Treasurer.
  - (C) Director of the Investment Division.
- (r) Every member of the board of commissioners of a port governed by ORS 777.005 to 777.725 or 777.915 to 777.953.
- (s) Every member of the board of directors of an authority created under ORS 441.525 to 441.595.
- (t) Every member of a governing board of a public university with a governing board listed in ORS 352.054.

**(u) Every member of the board of directors of an authority created under sections 1 to 8 of this 2015 Act.**

(2) By April 15 next after the date an appointment takes effect, every appointed public official on a board or commission listed in subsection (1) of this section shall file with the Oregon Government Ethics Commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.

(3) By April 15 next after the filing deadline for the primary election, each candidate described in subsection (1) of this section shall file with the commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.

(4) Within 30 days after the filing deadline for the general election, each candidate described in subsection (1) of this section who was not a candidate in the preceding primary election, or who was nominated for public office described in subsection (1) of this section at the preceding primary

election by write-in votes, shall file with the commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.

(5) Subsections (1) to (4) of this section apply only to persons who are incumbent, elected or appointed public officials as of April 15 and to persons who are candidates on April 15. Subsections (1) to (4) of this section also apply to persons who do not become candidates until 30 days after the filing deadline for the statewide general election.

(6) If a statement required to be filed under this section has not been received by the commission within five days after the date the statement is due, the commission shall notify the public official or candidate and give the public official or candidate not less than 15 days to comply with the requirements of this section. If the public official or candidate fails to comply by the date set by the commission, the commission may impose a civil penalty as provided in ORS 244.350.

**UNIT CAPTIONS**

**SECTION 13. The unit captions used in this 2015 Act are provided only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2015 Act.**

**Passed by House June 4, 2015**

.....  
Timothy G. Sekerak, Chief Clerk of House

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Tina Kotek, Speaker of House

**Passed by Senate June 23, 2015**

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Peter Courtney, President of Senate

**Received by Governor:**

.....M.,....., 2015

**Approved:**

.....M.,....., 2015

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Kate Brown, Governor

**Filed in Office of Secretary of State:**

.....M.,....., 2015

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Jeanne P. Atkins, Secretary of State